



Human Tissue Factor ELISA Kit

Vertrieb:

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Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information.
Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information.
The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

Add 50 μ l of Standard/ Sample per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Biotinylated Antibody per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
SP Conjugate per well.
Incubate 30 minutes.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Chromogen Substrate per well.
Incubate 12 minutes.



Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well.
Read at 450 nm immediately.

AssayMax Human Tissue Factor ELISA Kit

Catalog No. ET1002-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

The transmembrane protein tissue factor (TF) is the physiologic trigger of coagulation in normal hemostasis. TF binds and allosterically activates factor VII. The TF-VIIa complex cleaves factor IX and X, leading to thrombin generation (1). Inducible expression of TF in a variety of pathological conditions, including gram-negative sepsis and acute coronary syndromes, is associated with life-threatening thrombosis (2, 3). In sepsis, TF expression within the vasculature leads to disseminated intravascular coagulation (4). TF also plays important roles in vasculogenesis, metastasis, and tumor-associated angiogenesis (5, 6, 7).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Tissue Factor (TF) ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human TF in plasma, serum, tissue extracts, and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures TF in less than 5 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for TF has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. TF in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and the biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for TF, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- **Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.**
- **Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.**

- **Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.**
- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

Reagents

- **Human TF Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against TF.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human TF Standard:** Human TF in a buffered protein base (400 pg, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Human TF Antibody (100x):** A 100-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against TF (80 µl).
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (80 µl).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with Diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with Diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μ l, 20-200 μ l, 200-1000 μ l, and multiple channel pipettes).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:2 with MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as an anticoagulant).
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:2 with MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Lysates:** The cultured cells are lysed and solubilized with 15 mM octyl- β -D-glucopyranoside at 37°C for 15 minutes. Collect fresh cell lysates and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below.
- **Tissue:** Extract tissue samples with 50 mM phosphate-buffered saline (pH7.4) containing 1% Triton X-100 and centrifuge at 14000 x *g* for 20 minutes. Collect the supernatant, measure the protein concentration, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the MIX Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- **Human TF Standard:** Reconstitute the 400 pg of Human TF Standard with 1 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a 400 pg/ml standard solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution 1:2 with equal volume of MIX Diluent to produce 200, 100, 50, 25, and 12.5 pg/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	[TF] (pg/ml)
P1	Standard (400 pg/ml)	400.0
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part MIX Diluent	200.0
P3	1 part P2 + 1 part MIX Diluent	100.0
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part MIX Diluent	50.00
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part MIX Diluent	25.00
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part MIX Diluent	12.50
P7	MIX Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Human TF Antibody (100x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, standard solutions, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50 µl of Human TF Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 µl of Biotinylated Human TF Antibody to each well and incubate for 2 hours.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 µl of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.

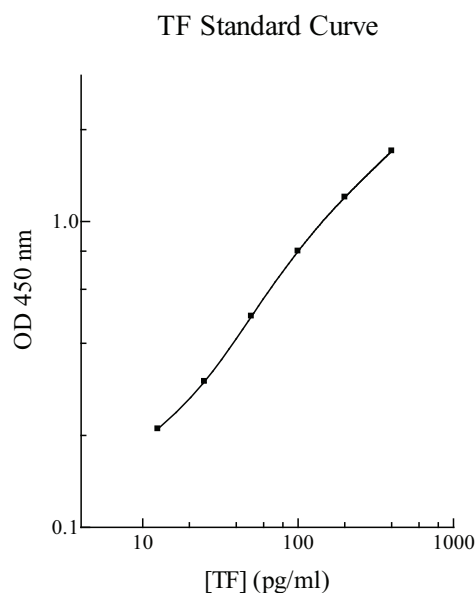
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 12 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of TF is typically ~ 12 pg/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.9% and 7.0% respectively.
- This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human TF and TF/FVII complex.

Linearity

Sample Dilution	Average Percentage of Expected Value	
	Plasma	Serum
No Dilution	95%	94%
1:2	100%	99%
1:4	109%	107%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	25 – 200 pg/ml
Recovery %	85 – 111%
Average Recovery %	97.5%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Canine	None
Monkey	None
Mouse	30%
Rat	30%
Swine	30%
Bovine	None

References

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